Common Framework of Reference (CFR) Condensed: Grade 2

Revised: October 2020



Introduction:

The following pages are a condensed version of the original CFR documents for reading and writing created in 2015 by the Ministry of Education in partnership with Saskatoon Public School Division.

In order to make the document more user-friendly for classroom teachers, Prairie Spirit School Division sought to create a similar resource that teachers could use for the purposes of assessment, reporting to parents, and directing their teaching practice. Key features are as follows:

- 1. One document has been created for each grade to reduce superfluous material.
- 2. The rubric is intended to be compact and easy to scan visually as a single two-sided document. The descriptors come straight from the original CFR documents.
- 3. The rubric is formatted as a checklist for teachers to use as formative assessment.
- 4. The rubric includes a space for student information so that teachers can print one for each EAL student to easily track their progress.
- 5. An appendix is included with material referred to in the rubric (ie. Sight word lists, semantic maps, vocabulary templates, etc.).
- 6. Grade level expectations are included from the original document in order to make it applicable to all students.
- 7. Writing exemplars from the original document are included to assist teachers in comparing and scoring accuracy, not only for the EAL student but for all students.

The rubrics in this document are intended for teachers as a way of updating parents on student progress during parent teacher interviews and/or for conferring with other teachers on student achievement. These rubrics are NOT intended to give to parents.

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General Overview for Grade Two Writing

A1.1	Grades 2 students at A 1.1 have a limited vocabulary repertoire of isolated words and phrases. At the A 1.1 stage, students can print their own name, copy/print names of familiar objects, and convey meaning through drawings. They are aware of left to right directionality and have some awareness of sound to symbol relationships.
A1.2	Grades 2 students at A 1.2 can produce simple descriptions of everyday objects, simple informal messages, as well as label diagrams. They are attempting to use capital letters and punctuation as well as the lines on their paper. They are able to produce simple sentences in the present tense using familiar, learned patterns.
A2.1	Grades 2 students at A 2.1 begin to use descriptive words, prepositions, and the conjunction, 'and'. They can use simple sentences and expressions to describe common objects and activities. They are beginning to use the past tense and singular and plural forms of words with growing accuracy.
A2.2	Grades 2 students at A 2.2 can communicate information on familiar topics using simple grammatical structures. Students at the A 2.2 stage are beginning to use additional parts of speech and an increased range of grammatical structures.
B1.1	Grades 2 students at B 1.1 have sufficient vocabulary to express themselves (often with some circumlocutions) on most familiar topics of interest to them. Errors occur, but the intent of the communication is usually clear. B 1.1 students are beginning to use content area vocabulary.
B1.2	Grades 2 students at B 1.2 can produce simple connected text on topics which are familiar or are of personal interest. B 1.2 students can describe experiences and events and briefly give reasons and explanations for opinions and plans.



Grade 2 CFR Writing Rubric	Student Name:	Primary Language:	Current CFR:
Teacher:	School:	School Year:	Year End CFR:

A1.1 Vocabulary	A1. Vocabulary	A2.1 Vocabulary	A2.2 Vocabulary	B1.1 Vocabulary	B1.2 Vocabulary
Can print or copy simple words, with assistance	Uses limited descriptive words (e.g. colours, sizes, shapes)	Beginning to use simple descriptive words about familiar subjects	Can use descriptive words relating to familiar topics (e.g. my family, a party)	Uses some content area vocabulary	Has sufficient vocabulary to write simple descriptions on a variety of familiar topics
May write words of personal relevance (e.g. mom, dad)	Uses a few utility words and/or sight words	Begins to use simple prepositions (e.g. in, on)	Includes simple prepositions, with errors	Uses prepositions with increased accuracy	Uses prepositions with accuracy
		Can produce personal word lists of familiar or recurring vocabulary	Beginning to use content area vocabulary	Can write simple descriptions on familiar topics	Often uses content area vocabulary
		Can use visuals to create simple descriptions			

A1.1	A1.2	A2.1	A2.2	B1.1	B1.2
Conventions	Conventions	Conventions	Conventions	Conventions	Conventions
Can write alphabet independently	Can represent sound-symbol relationships with some accuracy	Uses more sight words with greater accuracy	Demonstrates knowledge of beginning blends	Demonstrates knowledge of final blends	Edits own work, with support
Holds writing tool effectively	Awareness of word families	Attempts phonetic spelling for entire words	Spells common high-frequency words with accuracy	Spells common words with accuracy	Uses grade/age appropriate conventions with accuracy
Demonstrates some awareness of sound-symbol relationships	Beginning to use site sight words (e.g. <i>the, is</i>) with assistance	Demonstrates knowledge of word families (e.gat, -in)		Demonstrates knowledge of digraphs (e.g. <i>th,ch</i>)	Spells grade/age appropriate words accurately
Single letter may represent word (e.g. beginning sound)	Attempts to use phonetic spelling for most words (e.g. beginning and ending consonants)				Demonstrates knowledge of diphthongs (e.g. ow, oy, oo)

A1.1	A1.2	A2.1	A2.2	B1.1	B1.2
Mechanics	Mechanics	Mechanics	Mechanics	Mechanics	Mechanics
Little awareness of punctuation and capitalization rules	Beginning to use capitals and periods	Uses capitalization and punctuation, with some errors	Uses punctuation and capitals with increased accuracy	Uses basic punctuation and capitals with accuracy	Beginning to use age-appropriate advanced punctuation
	Attempts to leave spaces between words	Leaves spaces between words			

A1.1 Grammar & Syntax	A1.2 Grammar & Syntax	A2.1 Grammar & Syntax	A2.2 Grammar & Syntax	B1.1 Grammar & Syntax	B1.2 Grammar & Syntax
	Can write in simple present tense using a sentence frame (e.g. I like apples; I can jump)	Attempts to use singulars and plurals	Uses simple grammatical structures	Demonstrates some understanding of word order, plurals and tenses	Demonstrates control of word order, plurals and tenses
		Can write short sentences in simple past tense on familiar topics	Begins to use pronouns, with errors	Experiments with verb tenses, with errors	Uses multiple verb tenses and inflected endings with greater accuracy
	_		Writes short sentences using irregular past tense verbs (e.g. ate, saw)	Uses subject-verb agreement with some errors	Uses subject-verb agreement with increasing accuracy
				Uses inflected endings (e.ged, - ing), with some errors	

A1.1 Ideas	A1.2 Ideas	A2.1 Ideas	A2.2 Ideas	B1.1 Ideas	B1.2 Ideas
Relies on visuals or illustrations to convey meaning	Can print/write very simple informal messages	Can write short sentences expressing wants and preferences	Writes descriptions of common objects, familiar places, people, surroundings, or activities using short, simple sentences	Can describe everyday places, objects or events, using complete sentences that are connected to each other	Can recount a personal experience, with details
May not attempt to write letters or words	Can print/write simple information about themselves	Can write short sentences describing an image	Can write a summary sentence of a text's main ideas	Can write simple, short descriptions on subjects of interest	Can write a short descriptive narrative or expository text
May write L1 words to communicate	Can print/write simple descriptions of everyday objects		Includes increasing amount of details (e.g. where, what, when)	Adds details and explanations to convey meaning, with assistance	Can write simple instructions about a familiar procedure (e.g. "how to")
	Labels personal drawings with familiar words (e.g. dog, house)		Can write and respond to brief notes of greeting, invitation, or thanks	Includes adjectives and adverbs	Adds details and explanations to convey meaning
_		· _	•	Writes simple instructions about familiar procedures, with assistance (e.g. sentence frame)	Can write about story elements (e.g. character, setting) using a graphic organizer

A1.1 Organization	A1.2 Organization	A2.1 Organization	A2.2 Organization	B1.1 Organization	B1.2 Organization
Uses left to right directionality	Beginning to write on the line	Can write within the lines	Generally able to stay on topic	Able to keep to one topic	Sequences text
,		Begins to connect ideas using connecting words (e.g. and, because)	Writes straightforward text using simple conjunctions (e.g. and, but, because)	Sequences text, with support	Beginning to use transition words (e.g. first, next, then)
		Writes an introduction and/or conclusion to a story, with assistance			

A1.1 Form	A1.2 Form	A2.1 Form	A2.2 Form	B1.1 Form	B1.2 Form
Can copy or print/write own name	Can copy or print/write words being learned in class	Begins to use compound sentences	Uses compound sentences, with overuse of conjunctions (e.g. and, then)	Uses complex sentences, with assistance	Writes complex sentences, with support
Can copy or print/write labels on familiar objects in a picture or diagram	Can label a diagram or illustration using familiar words from a list	Can label charts, diagrams and maps	Writes very simple stories (e.g. What my dog did)	Can produce writing in more than one genre	Can produce writing in a variety of genres (e.g. recount, narrative, description, story)
	Can fill in gapped text using a word list of familiar words	Uses limited, repetitive phrases	Writes simple questions	Can complete a simple paragraph, with support	Can complete a simple paragraph, with assistance
	Relies on patterned sentences, with assistance	Can create patterned sentences following a model	Co-constructs a simple paragraph, with support		
	Can write a simple sentence using a familiar, learned pattern	Can write simple questions, following a model			
_		Can respond to simple questions using a sentence frame			

ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS (ELA) WRITING EXPECTATIONS - GRADE 2

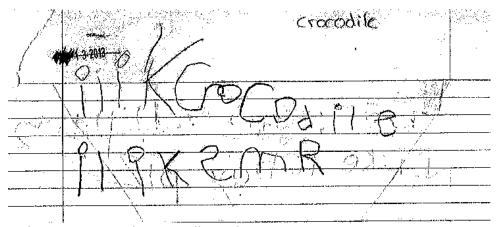
A Grade Two student meeting curricular expectations can write stories, poems, friendly letters, reports, and observations using appropriate and relevant details in clear and complete sentences and paragraphs of at least six sentences. Students can use appropriate and descriptive words and specific vocabulary for a situation.

VOCABULARY	✓ Substitutes one word for another in a meaningful way (e.g., building for house).
Knowledge of wordsWord choice	✓ Uses words explored in class.✓ Chooses and uses descriptive words to enhance communication (including
	verbs, nouns, and adjectives when prompted).
CONVENTIONS ✓ Spelling ✓ Phonemic awareness ✓ Print knowledge	 ✓ Uses predominately conventional spelling. ✓ Correctly spells common high-frequency words used in daily writing. ✓ Begins to use resources (e.g., personal dictionary, word wall) to confirm spelling. ✓ Uses phonics to spell more difficult words (e.g., words ending in "ing"; words with more than one syllable). ✓ Uses long and short vowel patterns. ✓ Uses "es" to form plural of certain words. ✓ Understands that the same sound may be represented by different spellings (e.g., find, phone).
MECHANICS ✓ Punctuation ✓ Capitalization	 ✓ Uses capitals at the start of sentences and with names, months, and places. ✓ Uses question mark and comma correctly. ✓ Prints legibly and spaces letters, numbers, words, and sentences appropriately using an efficient pencil grip.
GRAMMAR AND SYNTAX	 ✓ Writes complete sentences with adequate detail. By June, these sentences will often have seven or more words. ✓ Uses the negative correctly.
IDEAS	✓ Develops ideas by adding details.
MeaningDetailsClarity	✓ Uses adjectives and adverbs to provide descriptive detail.
ORGANIZATION	✓ Presents ideas in a logical sequence.
 Sequencing 	✓ Uses simple connecting words (e.g., and, so, but, then).
 Coherence 	✓ Writes groups of clear sentences that develop a central idea in a basic
 Transitioning 	paragraph of at least six sentences.
FORMFollowing modelsUsing different genresUsing sentence variety	 ✓ Uses a variety of sentence types (e.g., statements, questions, exclamations). ✓ Uses complete and fluent sentences with some variety in the beginnings. ✓ Creates short pieces in the form of reports that describe and explain familiar objects Incidents, and events. ✓ Writes (prints) brief narratives based on own experiences and imaginations
	 that move through a logical sequence of events and describes settings, characters, and events. ✓ Writes (prints) a friendly letter complete with date, salutation, body, closing, and signature. ✓ Writes (prints) a response with supporting details from a text viewed, listened to, or read. ✓ Considers, with guidance, what text form (e.g., story, letter, poem) to use. ✓ Employs a writing process (e.g., planning, drafting, and "fixing up").

LEARNER WRITING EXEMPLARS: GRADE 1-2

Learner Profile for EAL A 1.1

Marty is a Grade One student whose writing is at a low level of A 1.1.

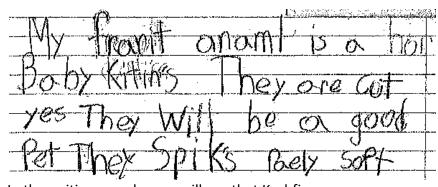


In the writing sample, you will see that Marty:

- Prints with assistance;
- Holds his pencil correctly;
- Has some awareness of sound-symbol relationships;
- Conveys meaning through drawing;
- Uses left to right directionality.

Learner Profile for EAL A1.2

Kashfia is a Grade One student whose writing is at the A 1.2 level.



In the writing sample, you will see that Kashfia:

- Prints simple descriptions of an everyday object using a limited number of descriptive words (cute, baby);
- Represents sound-symbol relationships;
- Attempts to represent simple words phonetically (frarit, animal, spiks);
- Prints some simple sight words (yes, they);
- Leaves spaces between words;
- Uses the lines on the paper;
- Composes a simple sentence using a familiar learned pattern;
- Attempts the use of capitals.

Learner Profile for EAL A 2.1

Moez is a Grade One student whose writing is at a low level of A 2.1.

I Lave rapets. rapets or good at jumps.
rapets did like to bit a lot. rapets ar
Spasal a lot for pepis. Depis hat rapets at
Show 1. rapiets Lave to goo to a Kantro
In the writing sample, you will see that Moez:

- Is beginning to use a range of descriptive words (good, nice, beautiful);
- Writes a growing number of sight words accurately (animal, like, good, fish);
- Attempts phonetic spelling for entire words (eicy, butellfell, miss);
- Uses final punctuation and capitalization (with some errors);
- Writes/prints simple patterned sentences.

Learner Profile for EAL A 2.2

Siya is a Grade Two student whose writing is at the A 2.2 level.

-771y	Pasovita	animal is	laperd.	and ti	glet
locaus	e the Oc	apand is	very for	t ond	tiger is
-jump	very hig	h-Whylkthe	_laperd	_and_	tigent fore
good	pot , bea	usa_the_	we e	at_hu	mans.
Why	the eat	humans.	locuse_	_ <i>1he _</i> 	he have
to li	ve-I L	ke_to_7	much. I	want te	L
them_	- tig	ec	6	- Te para	
—					
		<u>W_V</u>		M.—.—	<u> </u>

In the writing sample, you will see that Siya:

- Has sufficient vocabulary to briefly describe an object;
- Spells common, high-frequency words with increasing accuracy;
- Writes/prints straightforward text using transitional words (because);
- Uses final punctuation with increasing accuracy;
- Writes/prints compound sentences.

Learner Profile for EAL B 1.1

Lina is a Grade Two student whose writing is at the B 1.2 level.

The kitten was so soft.	A kitten will make a good pot
The kitten drink the milk.	because kitten are nice and
kitten like to play ball-	sattkitten like to Plax with ball.
The kitten was so small and fluffy	. Kitten like to ago for walk.
when the kitten was donk the	kitlen is very soft and fully.
milk it get bigger and bigger	love kitten because it so soft
	and fuffy that's why I love Fillen

In the writing sample, you will see that Lina:

- Has sufficient vocabulary to print a simple description on a topic of interest;
- Spells common words accurately;
- Uses basic punctuation with increasing accuracy;
- Demonstrates some understanding of word order;
- Adds descriptors such as adjectives (small, fluffy, soft);
- Ideas are generally on one topic;
- Prints a description of a familiar object.

Learner Profile for EAL B 1.2

Jamilah is a Grade Two student whose writing is at the B 1.2 level.

Cheata
A Cheata is my favorite animal. It has spots all over
a find the Spots is below all over A cheata lives in Africand
A cheata is carno vol it ears meat A cheata is ficice as a
Forst and cumnings A cheata Wold not be a good pet becase it will eat
You.

In the writing sample, you will see that Jamilah:

- Uses subject specific vocabulary (Africa, carnivore/carnivore, cunning);
- Uses grade appropriate conventions and spellings for the most part;
- Demonstrates significant control of word order and the formation of plurals;
- Uses subject verb agreement with increasing accuracy;
- Describes objects of interest explaining the disadvantages involved;
- Writes short, descriptive text.

General Overview Grade Two Reading

A1.1	Grades 2 students at A 1.1 have a limited repertoire of isolated words and phrases. They can mimic phonemes and recite the alphabet. There is a heavy reliance on illustrations to make meaning. They understand the concept of right-left directionality.
A1.2	Grades 2 students at A 1.2 are recognizing a growing number of sound-symbol relationships. They continue to use illustrations to make meaning. Grade 2 students will recognize forty or more sight words.
A2.1	Grade 2 students at A 2.1 identify rhyming words, long and short vowels and up to three-syllable words. They can read patterned and predictable text. They read in chunks or phrases and can understand much of what they encounter in short, simple texts written on familiar subjects.
A2.2	Grade 2 students at A 2.2 can generate some rhyming words. They are beginning to read familiar text with grade-appropriate speed and beginning to use expression when reading familiar text.
B1.1	Grade 2 students at B 1.1 know common phonetic rules. They can use an illustrated dictionary to search for the meaning of a word. They are beginning to read familiar text with appropriate expression, phrasing and intonation. They can reread and self-correct to ensure meaning.
B1.2	Grade 2 students at B 1.2 begin to examine word structure to determine meaning. They can decode most grade appropriate words and can read with increasingly appropriate speed, expression, phrasing and intonation.



Grade 2 CFR Reading Rubric	Student Name:	Primary Language:	Current CFR:
Teacher:	School:	School Year:	Year End CFR:

A1.1 Phonemic Awareness	A1.2 Phonemic Awareness	A2.1 Phonemic Awareness	A2.2 Phonemic Awareness	B1.1 Phonemic Awareness	B1.2 Phonemic Awaren
Mimics phonemes	Identifies and produces all sounds of the alphabet	Identifies:	Begins to identify diphthongs (e.g. ow, oo, oi)	Generates many rhyming words	
Identifies and produces most sounds of	'	- medial vowel sounds in words	Generates some rhyming words		
the Alphabet (consonants may come first)	Identifies and produces end sounds of words	- most beginning blends	Manipulates words by adding or		
Identifies beginning sounds of words	Begins to identify medial vowel sounds in words	- rhyming words - inflected endings (e.g -s, -ing)	removing phonemes		
	Identifies beginning digraphs (e.g. th, sh, ch)	- up to three syllable words - long or short vowels			
	Identifies common beginning blends (e.g. bl, tr, st, sk)	7 - 0			
	Begins to segment and blend phonemes (e.g. <i>d-o-g = dog</i>)				
	Identifies one or two-syllable words				

A1.1 Phonics	A1.2 Phonics	A2.1 Phonics	A2.2 Phonics	B1.1 Phonics	B1.2 Phonics
Recites the alphabet	Recognizes sound symbol relationship of all letters	Begins to recognize most medial vowel sounds in words	Recognizes most medial vowel sounds in words	Recognizes medial vowel sounds in words	Recognizes trigraphs (e.g. sch-, squ) Begins to recognize irregular spellings (e.g. ph-,
Recognizes sound symbol relationship			Begins to recognize final blends (e.gnd,	Recognizes diphthongs (e.g. ow, oo, oi)	-ough)
of most letters	Recognizes common beginning blends	Recognizes most beginning blends	-mp)	Recognizes final blends (e.gnd, -mp)	
Recognizes most beginning sounds of words	Recognizes end sounds of words	Segments and blends most common graphemes	Begins to recognize common vowel digraphs (e.g. <i>ee, oa</i>)	Recognizes common vowel digraphs (e.g. ee, oa)	
May recognize personally relevant words (e.g. mother, father, brother)	Recognizes some medial vowel sounds in words	Recognizes inflected endings (e.gs, -ing)	Recognizes rhyming words with differing spelling (e.g. sneeze, Belize)	Begins to recognize trigraphs (e.g.sch, str)	
	Recognizes digraphs (e.g. th, sh, ch)	Knows common phonetic rules (e.g. <i>final</i> e)			
	Segments and blends some common graphemes				
	Recognizes word families (e.g. cat, hat)				

A1.1 Visual Processing	A1.2 Visual Processing	A2.1 Visual Processing	A2.2 Visual Processing	B1.1 Visual Processing	B1.2 Visual Processing
Understands left-right directionality May track word-by-word	Begins to use patterns to read predictable text	Reads patterned and predictable text Regularly uses text features (e.g. title,	Begins to use advanced text features (e.g. glossary, table of contents, headings)	Uses advanced text features (e.g. glossary, table of contents, headings)	Regularly uses sources of reference found in text to enhance comprehension
	Begins to use text features (e.g. title, illustrations, author) Distinguishes between fictional and factual text	illustrations, author) to make meaning		Begins to read graphs to obtain information	Reads graphs to obtain information

A1.1	A1.2	A2.1	A2.2	B1.1	B1.2
Vocabulary	Vocabulary	Vocabulary	Vocabulary	Vocabulary	Vocabulary
Acquisition	Acquisition	Acquisition	Acquisition	Acquisition	Acquisition
Relies on illustrations to make meaning	Uses illustrations to identify unknown words	May substitute a word with a different tense (e.g. <i>I seed</i> vs. <i>I saw</i>)	Uses a graphic organizer to illustrate meaning of word from text	Uses a graphic organizer to define word from text	Uses a graphic organizer to provide synonym/antonym for word from text
May only identify objects in illustration	May substitute alternate word based on an illustration (e.g. forest vs. trees)	May interchange masculine/feminine words (e.g. he/she)	Begins to use context clues to solve unknown words	Regularly uses context clues to solve unknown words	Recognizes homonyms and homophones
May make connection between illustration and text	Understands most environmental labels (e.g. calendar, word wall)	Begins to recognize and understand pre-taught vocabulary	Recognizes and understands pre- taught vocabulary	Begins to recognize homonyms and homophones	Dissects compound words to predict meaning
May understand some environmental labels (e.g. calendar, word wall)		Understands the meaning of some inflected endings (e.ged, -s)	Understands the meaning of most inflected endings (e.ged is used for past tense)	Uses an illustrated dictionary to look of meaning of word	Begins to examine word structure to determine meaning using simple affixes (e.gun, -ly)
		Understands environmental labels (e.g. calendar, word wall)		Begins to dissect compound words to predict meaning	Understands most vocabulary in grade level text.

A1.1 Fluency	A1.2 Fluency	A2.1 Fluency	A2.2 Fluency	B1.1 Fluency	B1.2 Fluency
Engages in choral reading, with errors	Reads in 2-3 word phrases	Reads in chunks or phrases	Begins to read familiar text with appropriate speed	Begins to read familiar text with appropriate	Reads with increasingly appropriate speed
Recognizes twenty or more sight words	May read line by line without regard for punctuation	Stops at periods	Begins to use expression when re-	expression, phrasing and intonation	expression, phrasing and intonation
	Decodes simple CVC words	Decodes simple CCVC words	reading familiar text	Begins to demonstrate automaticity (i.e.	Uses advanced punctuation to guide
	Engages in choral reading	Recognizes sixty or more sight words	Uses simple punctuation to guide	automatic word recognition)	expression and phrasing (e.g., "")
	Recognizes forty or more sight words		expression (e.g. ?.!)	Recognizes one hundred fifty sight words	Decodes most grade-appropriate words
•			Decodes common words		Demonstrates automaticity (e.g. vocabulary in a thematic unit)
			Recognizes one hundred or more sight words		Recognizes 200 sight words.

A1.1 Comprehension pre-reading	A1.2 Comprehension pre-reading	A2.1 Comprehension pre-reading	A2.2 Comprehension pre-reading	B1.1 Comprehension pre-reading	B1.2 Comprehension pre-reading
Engages in a picture walk, with support	Activates prior knowledge, with guidance	Activates prior knowledge	Understands purpose for reading (e.g.	Demonstrates an awareness of genres	Reads and evaluates synopsis, with
(e.g.	(e.g. completes KWL)	Generates and answers simple	to entertain, to obtain information)	(e.g. folk tales, comics, graphic novels)	support
	Asks questions, with guidance	questions (e.g. Where is she going?)	Generates and answers deep-thinking	Selects and evaluates text for purposefulness (e.g.	Evaluate a book for its purposefulness
		Evaluates a text to determine	questions (e.g. Why would she be going there?)	finding a research book), with support	(e.g. finding a research book)
		readability, with support	Evaluates a text to determine readability		
		Uses text features (e.g. title, illustrations) to predict content			

A1.1 Comprehension during-reading	A1.2 Comprehension during-reading	A2.1 Comprehension during-reading	A2.2 Comprehension during-reading	B1.1 Comprehension during-reading	B1.2 Comprehension during-reading
Uses illustrations to recognize text topic	Makes text-to-self connections, with guidance	Activate prior knowledge	Makes text-to-text connections	Makes text-to-world connections, with support	Regularly makes connections while reading
		Generate and answer simple questions (e.g. Where is she going?)	Understands short instructions illustrated by step-by-step visuals	Makes and reflects upon ongoing predictions based on illustrations, storyline,	Demonstrate competent, active word solving while reading at a good pace
		Where is sine going.	Makes and reflects upon ongoing predictions	prior knowledge and personal experiences	Realize when more information is
		Use text features (title, illustrations) to	based on illustrations and storyline	Rereads and self-corrects to ensure meaning	required to understand text
		predict content	Make predictions about the solution to	Begins to explain key literal and	Explains key literal and inferential ideas
		Evaluate a text to determine readability, with support	the problem of a story	inferential ideas	
			Rereads and self-corrects to ensure meaning, with prompting		

A1.1 Comprehension post-reading	A1.2 Comprehension post-reading	A2.1 Comprehension post-reading	A2.2 Comprehension post-reading	B1.1 Comprehension post-reading	B1.2 Comprehension post-reading
Demonstrates very basic knowledge of	Identifies main character and setting in a story	Infers characters' feelings, with support	Infers characters' feelings	Talks about characters' feelings and	Empathizes with character's feelings and
text by retelling one or two main points	Reflects on new learning, with guidance	Identifies problem and solution, with support	Identifies problem and solution	provide evidence from text	motivations
	(e.g. adding to KWL)	Reflects on new learning (e.g. adding to KWL)	Begins to identify moral of story	Identifies the moral of a story	Understands writing techniques
	Demonstrates basic knowledge of text by	Revisits text to find important information	Demonstrates knowledge of text by retelling	Identifies simple cause-effect relationships	appropriate to genre (e.g. humour)
	retelling main points and one or two supporting details	Demonstrates knowledge of text by retelling main points and a few supporting details	main points and supporting details	Understands writing techniques appropriate to genre (e.g. humour), with support	Explains writer's use of specific words to convey meaning (e.g. shouted, cried),
		•		Justifies preference for a book, with support	with support
				Demonstrates knowledge of text by	Justifies preference for a book
				summarizing and synthesizing main points and key supporting details	Demonstrates knowledge of text by summarizing and synthesizing main points and a range of supporting details

ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS (ELA) READING EXPECTATIONS - GRADE 2

A Grade 2 student <u>meeting curricular expectations</u> has a good understanding of what is read and is able to provide adequate interpretations and reasonable evidence to support responses. They are able to read familiar text smoothly and accurately aloud, demonstrating fluency, expression and comprehension.

Phonemic	✓ Recognizes sounds heard in multi-syllable words.
Awareness	✓ Segments all sounds of a word (including sound clusters such as "sk",
	"ch" and "sh") into individual sounds.
	✓ Deletes beginning or ending sounds and reveals the remaining word.
	✓ Decodes individual words and sounds heard in multi-syllabic words.
Phonics	✓ Knows all grade 2 sound-letter combinations.
	✓ Decodes unfamiliar words in context.
	✓ Recognizes rhyming and alliteration.
	✓ Uses phonics to decode individual words.
	✓ Recognizes features of words including possessives, double vowels,
	contractions, 'y" as a vowel sound, consonant clusters and consonant
	digraphs and double vowels.
Vocabulary	✓ Understands new concept words.
Acquisition	✓ Uses context clues to make meaning.
	✓ Uses knowledge of simple prefixes (e.g., un- and suffixes (e.g., -ed, -
	ing, -es, -s,-er, -est) to comprehend words in different forms (e.g.,
	happy/unhappy; play/played; sing/singing; nice/nicest).
	✓ Uses individual word to predict meaning of compound words.
	✓ Recognizes word play (e.g., homonyms, synonyms and repetition).
	✓ Begins to recognize how words are used figuratively.
	✓ Uses knowledge of common syllable types vowel teams, "r"
	controlled) and patterns to decode one-syllable "regular" words (e.g.,
	shade) and some multi-syllabic words (e.g., uncurled).
Visual Processing	✓ Identifies key elements, details (e.g., colour, layout, shape, form, size,
	fonts) and, with teacher guidance, understands how they enhance
	meaning.
	✓ Recognizes and comprehends simple, compound and complex
	sentences and their related punctuation including quotation marks.
	✓ Uses knowledge of sentence structure to determine meaning of a
	sentence (e.g., the subject and verb are inverted in a question).
	✓ Use punctuation to help understand what they read (e.g., question)
	mark, exclamation point and apostrophe).
Fluency	✓ Reads aloud smoothly with accuracy, expression and comprehension.
	✓ Reads at a reasonable rate (70-100 wcpm orally; 95-145 silently).
	✓ Sustains silent reading independently for at least 15 minutes.
	✓ Recognizes accurately most high frequency words. (e.g., 200).
	✓ Recognizes accurately irregularly spelled words in grade-appropriate
	texts.
	✓ Reads familiar poems aloud with expression and attention to flow.
	✓ Reads most text silently.
Comprehension:	✓ Uses, with practice and teacher support, the important pre-reading
pre-reading	strategies relevant to the task (e.g., making predictions based on text
	features such as title and illustrations, activating prior knowledge).
	✓ Identifies what good readers do to make meaning.
	✓ Identifies the purpose of different text forms and recognizes possible
	intended audiences.

Comprehension: during-reading	✓ Uses, with practice and teacher support, during-reading strategies relevant to the task.
	✓ Reads a variety of text forms (e.g., fiction, non-fiction, legends, poems).
	✓ Identifies the structures of various text forms (e.g., cause and effect, goal /problem/solution).
	✓ Identifies the elements of various text forms (e.g., diagrams, charts, headings, table of contents, glossary).
	✓ Makes, confirms and adjusts predictions and inferences.
	✓ Asks questions.
	✓ Draws inferences.
	✓ Makes connections to self, other texts and the world.
	✓ Begins to self-monitor and reread as a 'fix-up' strategy.
Comprehension:	✓ Uses, with practice and teacher support, important post-reading
post-reading	strategies relevant to the task.
	✓ Reads and retells (with support from the text) the key events and
	elements of a story (including setting, characters, character traits, problem and solution and sequence of key events).
	✓ Reads and retells (with support from the text) the key ideas and
	elements of informational texts (including main idea, supporting
	details, diagrams, glossary, bold font).
	✓ Responds to and answers literal and inferential questions.
	✓ Summarizes and draws conclusions from what is read.
	✓ Reads and follows written instructions.
	✓ Reflects on own reading abilities.
	✓ Sets goals for reading.



Grade 2 CFR Speaking Rubric	Student Name:	Primary Language:	Current CFR:
Teacher:	School:	School Year:	Year End CFR:

A1.1 Vocabulary	A1.2 Vocabulary	A2.1 Vocabulary	A2.2 Vocabulary	B1.1 Vocabulary	B1.2 Vocabulary	
Repeats words, phrases, and	Begins to generate phrases and word combinations related to different topics	Begins to speak in a series of connected simple sentences (may be pauses)	Speaks in a series of connected simple sentences	Begins to use compound and complex sentence structures	Uses a wide range of grade appropriate compound and complex	
memorized chunks of language related to different topics		Uses familiar nouns and verbs	Begins to use a wider variety of	Uses a wider variety of nouns and	sentence structures	
related to different topics	different topics	Begins to describe familiar topics	nouns and verbs	verbs	Continues to develop a wide variety of grade appropriate nouns and verbs	
Names / identifies everyday items	Begins to identify and use familiar nouns and verbs	using more complex adjectives	Begins to use increasingly advanced adjectives, with support	Uses increasingly advanced adjectives, with prompting		
(e.g. classroom objects)		Uses limited content area			Uses grade appropriate adjectives to	
May use limited descriptive words with assistance (e.g. colours, big,	Begins to describe objects using	vocabulary, with assistance	vocabulary, with assistance	Uses content area vocabulary, with	Uses content area vocabulary	enhance meaning
small)	simple adjectives	Begins to use academic words, with	support	independently	Continues to use and develop a	
	Begins to use limited content area	assistance	Uses academic words, with	Uses academic words frequently	variety of grade appropriate content	
	vocabulary, with assistance		increased accuracy		and academic vocabulary	

A1.1 Meaningful Communication	A1.2 Meaningful Communication	A2.1 Meaningful Communication	A2.2 Meaningful Communication	B1.1 Meaningful Communication	B1.2 Meaningful Communication
Uses visuals or gestures to contribute to conversations or meet basic needs	Expresses wants and needs through single words, accompanied by gestures	Expresses wants and needs with short phrases, accompanied by gestures	Expresses wants and needs with short phrases	Expresses and justifies wants and needs with some details	Expresses and justifies wants and needs with increased details
May go through silent period	May use L1 word to compensate for	May use simple vocabulary and	Relies on circumlocution to express	Ideas and meaning are becoming	Ideas and meaning are expressed
Mimics one or two learned expressions in a variety of contexts	a lack of vocabulary	gestures to "talk around" the unknown word (circumlocution)	meaning (e.g. "hand clock" = watch)	more concise	concisely
Expresses lack of understanding through gestures	Responds to familiar questions using single word or short phrases	Begins to engage in social conversations about everyday matters, using short phrases and sentences	Engages in social conversations about everyday matters with errors that may impede understanding	Engages in social conversations, with few errors	Engages in social conversation with ease – elaborates on ideas in academic discussions
Answers yes / no questions about stories or experiences	Expresses a lack of understanding through single words, accompanied by gestures	Begins to engage in academic discussions using short phrases and sentences, with assistance (e.g. sentence frames)	Engages in academic discussions, using short phrases and sentences, with support	Engages in academic discussions, with prompting	Asks specific questions to help solve difficulties
Forms fragmented questions, single words and memorized phrases	Begins to ask for clarification of unknown words and expressions	Expresses lack of understanding through learned phrases	Begins to explain to a teacher where s/he is having difficulty or asks	Explains to the teacher where s/he is having difficulty or asks appropriate	Responds to academic questions, with assistance
words and memorized prinases		Responds to familiar questions using	someone to repeat/rephrase	questions to ensure understanding	
	Forms simple questions and begins	learned or memorized phrases		Desired and the second second	Uses almost all verb tenses
to use accurate word order with assistance. Limited number of grammatical constructions (e.g. hoplay)		Uses simple grammar and word order accurately. Begins to form detailed questions.	Responds to questions using sentences frames, with assistance	Begins to respond to academic questions, with assistance (e.g. sentence frames, sentence starters)	appropriately along with subject- verb agreement. Grammatical use and syntax near grade level expectations.
			Begins to use complex forms of grammar and word order, with errors. (e.g. more verb tenses, pronouns and prepositions)	Uses complex forms of grammar and syntax with few errors. (e.g. misuses a few verb tenses or subject-verb agreement)	

	A1.1 Pragmatic Knowledge	A1.2 Pragmatic Knowledge	A2.1 Pragmatic Knowledge	A2.2 Pragmatic Knowledge	B1.1 Pragmatic Knowledge	B1.2 Pragmatic Knowledge
	Uses one or two learned expressions of greeting, farewell and politeness	Uses some common expression and cultural greetings	Uses common expressions	Engages in cooperative speech to demonstrate understanding	Begins to sustain conversations by commenting and asking questions, with support	Begins to initiate and sustain conversations by commenting and asking questions
_			Begins to engage in cooperative speech to demonstrate understanding		Begins to adapt speech appropriate for audience	Demonstrates an awareness of audience (e.g. formal/informal)



Grade 2 CFR Listening Rubric	Student Name:	Primary Language:	Current CFR:
Teacher:	School:	School Year:	Year End CFR:

A1.1 Vocabulary	A1.2 Vocabulary	A2.1 Vocabulary	A2.2 Vocabulary	B1.1 Vocabulary	B1.2 Vocabulary
Understands some high frequency familiar nouns and common descriptive words in a structured interaction, with assistance	Understands high frequency nouns, common verbs and descriptive words in familiar contexts	Understands a wider range of basic nouns, verbs, and complex adjectives in familiar contexts	Begins to understand basic verbs and nouns in unfamiliar contexts, with support	Understands a wider range of basic verbs and nouns in unfamiliar contexts, with support	Understands a wider range of basic verbs and nouns in unfamiliar contex as well as most content-area vocabu
May recognize cognates from L1 (e.g. blousa/blouse)	Understands single words in social conversations on familiar topics	Responds to simple, predictable questions and short phrases in the classroom.	Understands increasingly advanced descriptive words	Understands descriptive words in a variety of contexts including academic tasks	Continues to develop understanding of gra appropriate content and academic vocabu
Responds to common classroom directives, with prompting	Responds to common classroom directives and begins to respond to social interactions	Understands some vocabulary in social conversations, on familiar topics	Understands most vocabulary in social conversations on familiar topics	Understands most vocabulary in social interactions	
May respond to social interactions	Understands limited content area	Understands key content-area vocabulary and academic words	Understands key content area vocabulary and a wider range of	Understands most content-area vocabulary, with support and assistance	
through gestures and single words	vocabulary, with assistance	(e.g. <i>estimate, solve</i>), with support	academic words, with support	Understands most vocabulary in complex academic interactions	
A1.1 Listening for Meaning	A1.2 Listening for Meaning	A2.1 Listening for Meaning	A2.2 Listening for Meaning	B1.1 Listening for Meaning	B1.2 Listening for Meaning
Understands simple classroom instructions, spoken slowly, with gestures and pictures	Understands simple familiar information spoken slowly and clearly	Responds briefly to social conversations and engages in social interactions with unfamiliar people	Responds to social conversations and engages in social interaction with unfamiliar people, with assistance	Responds to and extends social conversations with familiar and unfamiliar people	Follows and engages in longer so conversations with multiple spea
Understands short pieces of	Begins to respond briefly to social conversations (e.g. yes/no)	Follows simple two-step instructions, with support	Begins to follow multi-step instructions, with support	Follows multi-step instructions, with support	Follows multi-step instructions
information such as time, location with visuals and gestures	Follows simple one-step instructions, spoken slowly, with support	Begins to understand main idea in familiar academic discussions	Understands main idea and some details in familiar academic discussions	Understands main idea and key	Understands main idea and key deta in academic discussions
Begins to understand simple information (e.g. their name, age, grade) and personal greetings	Begins to understand main idea of familiar academic discussion, with support and assistance	Understands main idea in presentations or simple stories on a familiar topic, with assistance (e.g. visuals, graphic organizer)	Understands main idea and some details in presentations on a familiar topic, with assistance (e.g. presenter notes)	details in academic discussions Begins to understand main ideas and	Understands main ideas and key details in presentations and unfamiliar texts
Understands single words, short phrases, with assistance but requires	Begins to understand main idea of short picture books, with support	Understands most speech at a slower rate in familiar contexts. Requires minimal wait	Understands main idea of a short text on familiar topic or the main	details in unfamiliar presentations and short texts, with assistance	Understands a short, grade- appropriate academic video
significant wait time to process information and form a response	Begins to record single words in familiar academic listening activity, with support	time to process and form a response	idea and some details on a video, with support (e.g. viewing guide)	Understands main idea and some details in a video, with support	Understands average-paced spee in unfamiliar contexts
	Understands simple language, spoken slowly with pauses but requires wait time to	Understands more complex sentences and verb tenses on familiar topics	Begins to take cloze notes (fill in blanks) from a presentation or video, with support	Begins to take notes from a presentation or video, with support	May need wait time to process and form response to complex information
	process information and form a response Understands language using simple grammatical rules (SVO) or compound		Understands most average-paced speech in familiar contexts, with frequent checks for understanding	Begins to understand most average paced speech in unfamiliar contexts	Understands detailed sentences of familiar and unfamiliar topics
	sentences, with support		May need wait time to process and form a response Understands more detailed complex	May need wait time to process and form response to increasingly complex information	Understands complex sentences variety of contexts
			sentences with common verb tenses on familiar topics, with support	Understands detailed sentences on familiar topics.	
				Begins to understand complex sentences in unfamiliar contexts	
A1.1	A1.2	A2.1	A2.2	B1.1	B1.2

A1.1 Pragmatic Knowledge	A1.2 Pragmatic Knowledge	A2.1 Pragmatic Knowledge	A2.2 Pragmatic Knowledge	B1.1 Pragmatic Knowledge	B1.2 Pragmatic Knowledge
Understands basic greetings and politeness	Begins to understand commonly used expressions in familiar contexts	Understands commonly used expressions	Uses other students' responses as models for their own response, with assistance	Uses other students' responses as models for their own response	Recognizes differences in speech formality in a variety of contexts
May demonstrate limited understanding through facial expressions and gestures	May copy/repeat other students' responses as their own	Begins to use other students' responses as models for their own response, with assistance	Begins to recognize differences in speech formality, with assistance	Recognize differences in speech formality, with assistance	

Appendix

First 200 Instant Sight Words

1st 100 Words

the	at	there	some	my
of	be	use	her	than
and	this	an	would	first
а	have	each	make	water
to	from	which	like	been
in	or	she	him	called
is	one	do	into	who
you	had	how	time	oil
that	by	their	has	sit
it	words	if	look	now
he	but	will	two	find
was	not	up	more	long
for	what	other	write	down
on	all	about	go	day
are	were	out	see	did
as	we	many	number	get
with	when	then	no	come
his	your	them	way	made
they	can	these	could	may
I	said	S0	people	part

2nd 100 Words

<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
over	name	boy	such	change
new	good	follow	because	off
sound	sentence	came	turn	play
take	man	want	here	spell
only	think	show	why	air
little	say	also	ask	away
work	great	around	went	animal
know	where	form	men	house
place	help	three	read	point
years	through	small	need	page
live	much	set	land	letter
me	before	put	different	mother
back	line	end	home	answer
give	right	does	us	found
most	too	another	move	study
very	means	well	try	still
after	old	large	kind	learn
things	any	must	hand	should
our	same	big	picture	Canada
just	tell	even	again	world